IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1 1. Cancelled
- 1 2. Cancelled
- evaluating any changes in said calculated resistance over time as a measure of fuel cell hydration.
- 4. (Currently Amended) <u>AThe</u> method of determining resistance in a fuel cell, <u>as</u> defined in claim 1, including the further steps of comprising the steps of:
- 3 (A) switching a fixed resistance load onto said fuel cell;
- 4 (B) allowing <u>athe</u> fuel cell stack voltage to stabilize at a first voltage level;
- 5 (C) removing the fixed resistance;
- 6 (D) substantially immediately measuring <u>athe</u> new stack voltage; and
- 7 (E) calculating the fuel cell resistance based upon the change between the first
- 8 voltage level and the new stack voltage.

5. (Currently Amended) A The method of determining resistance in a fuel cell as 1 defined in claim 1 including the further comprising the steps of: 2 (A) providing a DC-DC converter with an associated microcontroller; 3 (B) adjusting input parameters of said DC-DC converter, using said microcon-4 troller, to establish an initial duty cycle; 5 (C) reading athe-stack voltage and the stack current; 6 (D) changing the duty cycle; 7 (E) substantially immediately measuring the fuel cell voltage and fuel cell cur-8 rent; and 9 (F) calculating resistance based upon measurements. 10 6. (Currently Amended) The method of determining resistance, as defined in elaim 1 1 including claim 5 comprising the further step of 2 evaluating any changes in resistance over time as a measure of fuel cell hydration. 3 7. (Currently Amended) The method of determining resistance, as defined in claim 4<u>claim 5</u>, wherein said fuel cell comprises one of the following: 2 (A) a fuel cell stack; 3 (B) a fuel cell array; and 4 (C) an individual fuel cell. 5 8. (Currently Amended) The method of determining resistance, as defined in elaim 1 3claim 7, wherein a fuel cell in said fuel cell stack, said fuel cell array, or said individual 2 fuel cell is a direct oxidation fuel cell. 3 9. (Currently Amended) The method of determining resistance, as defined in elaim 1

4<u>claim 8</u>, wherein said direct oxidation fuel cell is a direct methanol fuel cell.

- 1 10. (Currently Amended) The method of determining resistance, as defined in elaim
 2 3claim 7, wherein a fuel cell in said fuel cell stack, said fuel cell array, or said individual
 3 fuel cell is a hydrogen fuel cell.
- 1 11. 14. Cancelled
- 1 15. (Original) A method of measuring resistance in a fuel cell stack being used as a power source, comprising the steps of:
- 3 (A) using a fuel cell stack to produce power that can be supplied to a battery or load;
- 5 (B) switching a fixed load across said fuel cell stack;
- 6 (C) reading the voltage across the stack after a predetermined time period 7 when said fixed load circuit is on;
- 8 (D) turning off the load;
- 9 (E) substantially immediately reading the stack voltage; and
- 10 (F) determining stack resistance based upon a change in said stack voltage 11 readings.
- 1 16. (Original) A method of measuring resistance across a direct oxidation fuel cell stack that includes programmable DC-DC switches including the steps of:
- 3 (A) using said programmable DC-DC switches to switch a load on and off said 4 fuel cell stack;
- signaling an associated microprocessor under pulse-width modulation control to adjust the duty cycle of said DC-DC switches
- 7 (C) measuring voltage changes as said switches change;
- 8 (D) calculating a change in resistance over time; and

17. (New) A method of determining resistance in a fuel cell, including the steps of: (A) measuring an initial stack current and stack voltage; 2 (B) coupling constant current with the fuel cell to set stack current using a 3 constant current sink having an operational amplifier configured to receive a control voltage as an input and coupled at an output to a power transistor, and having a second input couple between said power transistor and a sense resistor; (C) waiting a predetermined time period for the output voltage of the fuel cell 7 to stabilize; 8 (D) measuring the output voltage of the fuel cell; (E) changing the fuel cell current using said constant current sink; 10 (F) substantially immediately reading the output voltage of the fuel cell; and 11 (G) calculating the resistance of the fuel cell. 12

predicting cell hydration based upon said changes.

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